



EIM1 Who is your hero?

【第 10 次课作业】

时间安排	作业项目	作业要求	学习结果
周四-下周二	要点直播	视频朗读：每天一遍，注意语速，发至班级群。 书写拍照：书写工整，发照片到群里（周、六日除外）。 文章朗读：课本 31 页第 2 段内容，发指读视频。	背熟
周六	专项训练一	单独发给老师，并在班级群回复：姓名+周六作业已完成。 文章朗读：课本 31 页第 2 段内容，发指读视频。	做完、卷面整洁
周日	专项训练二	单独发给老师，并在班级群回复：姓名+周日作业已完成。 文章朗读：课本 31 页第 2 段内容，发指读视频。	书写工整 拼写正确

要点直播：重点单词

alone [ə'leɪn] adj.adv.独自	positive ['pɒzətɪv] adj.乐观的，自信的	magnet [mæɡ'næt] n.磁铁 magnetic [mæɡ'netɪk] adj.磁性的
pole [pəʊl] n.极点，杆子	journey ['dʒɜ:ni] n.旅行	husky ['hʌski] n.哈士奇
polar ['pəʊlə(r)] adj.极地的	completely [kəm'pli:tli] adv.完全地	attack [ə'tæk] v.攻击 进攻
determine [dɪ'tɜ:mɪn] v.决定	except [ɪk'sept] prep.不包括	save [seɪv] v.保存 保护拯救
minus ['maɪnəs] adj.负数的 prep.减去	temperature ['tempərəʃə(r)] n.温度	mile [maɪl] n.英里 1mile= 1.609 kilometers

词组及例句

be determined to do sth 下决心做某事 come true 实现

She was determined to make it come true.她下决心实现它。

positive 乐观的，自信的 She was always positive ,even in very dangerous and difficult situations.她总是很乐观，甚至在很多危险和艰难的情况下。

except 与 except for 的区别：

"except" 和 "except for" 是英语中常用的两个词组，它们在表示“除了”的含义时有一些细微的区别。

用法和位置：**except:** 通常用于句子中间，表示不包括某事物。例如："I like all fruits except oranges."（我喜欢所有的水果，除了橙子。）

except for: 可以用于句子的开头或中间，强调在整体中排除某个具体细节。例如："Except for the weather, the trip was wonderful."（除了天气，这次旅行非常棒。）

修饰对象的不同：

except: 后面接的通常是与句子主语或主要话题同类的事物。例如："She reads books every day except Sundays."（她每天都读书，除了星期天。）

except for: 后面接的可以是与句子主语或主要话题不同类的事物，通常用来指出一个例外的细节。

except for 后面只能接名词或名词性短语。例如："The room was empty except for a chair."（房间里空荡荡的，只有一把椅子。）

语义的细微差别：

except: 表示排除，通常直接排除某个部分。例如："You can come any day except Monday."（你可以在任何一天来，除了星期一。）

except for: 不仅表示排除，还可以表示在整体中特别提到的一个例外情况。例如："The house was quiet

except for the sound of the clock." (房子里很安静, 除了钟表的声音。)

在某些情况下的互换性:

在一些情况下, "except" 和 "except for" 可以互换使用而不改变句子的主要意思。例如: "I have read all books by this author except (for) the last one." (我读过这位作者的所有书, 除了最后一本。)

专项训练一 (单选)

- () 1. A car accident _____ on Green Street last night.
A. happens B. happened C. was happening D. is happening
- () 2. I _____ a letter to my grandfather yesterday.--I'm sure he will be very happy when he gets it.
A. write B. am writing C. wrote D. writes
- () 3. Is Rick there? --No, he _____ for Beijing three days ago. A. left B. leaves C. leaving D. have left
- () 4. The boy didn't do anything _____ cry last night. A. except B. except at C. except for D. excepts of
- () 5. _____ you ever _____ any trees last Tree-Planting Day?
--Yes, of course. I have planted six trees since then.
A. Have, planted B. Did, plant C. Will, plant D. Had, planted
- () 6. Did you go shopping yesterday? --_____. A. Yes, I do B. Yes, I did C. Yes, I was D. No, I wasn't

阅读理解

Welcome to Mr. Ma's shop! We have big sale today. All the goods are at a good price. When you enjoy the sunshine, you need a pair of sunglasses. The sunglasses are cheap today. They are only five yuan today. We have some white sports shoes. They are 20 yuan. Do you like T-shirts? They are very cheap. We have T-shirts in all colors for 16 yuan each. We have socks in blue, green and red for 3 yuan. For boys, blue and black shorts are 12 yuan. For girls, the white and pink skirts are 25 yuan. Do you need a sweater? They are cheap, too. We have them in green and white for 30 yuan. We also have many colorful gloves for kids. They are four yuan.

Come to Mr. Ma's shop and choose something you want!

根据短文内容, 选择正确答案。

- () (1) Mr. Ma's shop has _____ today. A. big sale B. goods C. shop
- () (2) You can buy a _____ in Mr. Ma's shop. A. scarf B. sweater C. blouse
- () (3) Is the sweater expensive in the shop? A. Yes, it is. B. No, it isn't. C. No, it is.
- () (4) Miss White wants to buy a pair of socks and a pink skirt. They cost _____.
A. 28 yuan B. 25 yuan C. 3 yuan
- () (5) Which of the follow sentence is True?
A. The sunglasses are not cheap in the shop. B. John can't buy blue shorts in the shop.
C. Mrs. Black can buy a pair of gloves for her daughter.

专项训练二

- () 1. _____ the food, I like everything about this restaurant.
A. except for B. except around C. excepts D. except about
- () 2. In autumn, we _____ a lot of apples on the big apple tree.
A. planted B. painted C. picked D. planed

()3. I took my umbrella _____ it was raining.

- A. because B. because of C. because for D. because about

()4. We _____ finish our homework before 7.

- A. determined to B. is determined to C. are determined to D. are determining to

阅读理解

Daniela skipped(蹦蹦跳跳) home from school. She had just learned about Earth Day. She was excited to show Mum and Dad what she had learned.

Daniela burst through (猛然穿过) the front door. "Mama, !Papa!" she called. "Today I learned about Earth Day." "Tell us what you learned," Mama said. "I will show you," Daniela said.

She turned off the light in the hallway (走廊). "We learned to turn off extra lights," she said. "This saves electricity." "We learned to turn off the faucet when we are not using it," Daniela said. "This saves water."

Daniela picked up an aluminum can (易拉罐). She put it into the recycling bin (可循环垃圾桶). "We learned to recycle," Daniela said. "This will lower pollution." Daniela saw a piece of trash (垃圾) next to the trunk (树干) of the tree. She picked it up. "We learned not to litter," Daniela said. "This keeps the Earth clean."

Mama and papa smiled. "My teacher was right," Daniela said. "If we are good to the Earth, the Earth will be good to us."

() 1. Today Daniela learned about _____.

- A. Parents' Day B. Earth Day C. the World Environment Day

() 2. We should _____ when we are not using it and this will save water.

- A. turn off extra lights B. picked up an aluminum can C. turn off the faucet

() 3. We should learn _____ and this keeps the Earth clean.

- A. to litter B. not to litter C. to recycle

() 4. Where does the story take place? A. At school. B. At home. C. In the factory.

() 5. What is the story try to tell us?

- A. There are many things we can do to keep Earth healthy.
 B. We shouldn't skip home from school.
 C. We should protect the Earth only on Earth Day.